Chapter 0

Math Review

- (I): College algebra and some basic calculus. For example:
 - (1) Relating graphs to equations (e.g., y=*ax*+b is a straight line).
 - (2) The derivative of $f(x) = ax^{\beta}$ is $\frac{df}{dx} = \beta ax^{\beta-1}$ (3) The derivative of $f(x) = a + bx - cx^2$ is $\frac{df}{dx} = b - 2cx$.

(II): Basic course in economics.

- (1) Use graphs for economics analysis
- (2) Basic optimization. For example:

If x=output, P=output price, a firm's cost function is $c(x) = ax^{\beta}$, $\beta > 1$ and the firm's profits are given by $\pi = Px - ax^{\beta}$, then a profit-maximizing firm will operate where $P = \beta ax^{\beta-1}$, implying input demand is:

$$x = \left(\frac{P}{a\beta}\right)^{\frac{1}{\beta-1}}$$

If you are a bit rusty, don't be intimidated. We will progress gradually with the mathematical analysis.